



Amkor Technology, Inc. Investor Presentation

October 2021

Disclaimer

Forward-Looking Statement Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which are often characterized by terminology such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “expects,” “plans,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “predicts,” “potential,” “continue,” or “intend,” by the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology or by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that could affect future results and cause actual results and events to differ materially from historical and expected results and those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Other important risk factors that could affect the outcome of the events set forth in these statements and that could affect our operating results and financial condition are discussed in the company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the “Form 10-K”) and in the company’s subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) made prior to or after the date hereof. You should carefully consider the trends, risks and uncertainties described in this presentation, the Form 10-K and other reports filed with or furnished to the SEC before making any investment decision with respect to our securities. If any of the following trends, risks or uncertainties actually occurs or continues, our business, financial condition or operating results could be materially adversely affected, the trading prices of our securities could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment. All forward-looking statements in this presentation are made based on our current expectations, forecasts, estimates and assumptions. Amkor undertakes no obligation to review or update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this presentation except as may be required by law. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.

Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation contains certain measures that are not defined terms under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, measures of liquidity or performance prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to calculations of similarly titled measures by other companies. See the Appendix for a description of these financial measures and a reconciliation of all such non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures.

Amkor Technology

- ▶ Trusted Outsourced Semiconductor Assembly and Test (OSAT) partner since 1968
- ▶ Advanced packaging leader
- ▶ #1 OSAT for Automotive ICs
- ▶ \$5.1B sales in 2020



Amkor in the Supply Chain

Amkor's packaging and test services are an integral part of the worldwide semiconductor supply chain



Amkor's Differentiators



Technology

- ▶ Advanced Packaging Leadership
- ▶ Engineering Services
- ▶ Broad Portfolio



Quality

- ▶ QualityFIRST Culture
- ▶ Execution
- ▶ Automation



Service

- ▶ Design Through Drop Ship
- ▶ Manufacturing Footprint
- ▶ Local Sales & Support

Best-in-Class R&D

- ▶ 650+ R&D engineers
- ▶ Design services in 8 countries
- ▶ Fast time to market
- ▶ Complete toolbox of engineering services

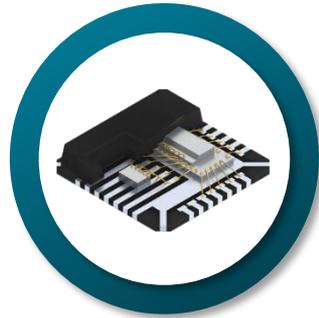


Complete Package and Test Portfolio

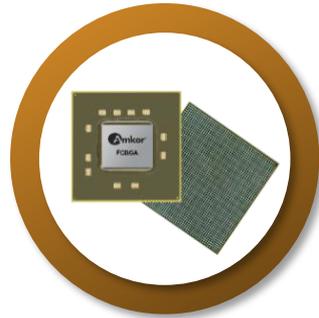
Turnkey services from wafer sort through drop ship



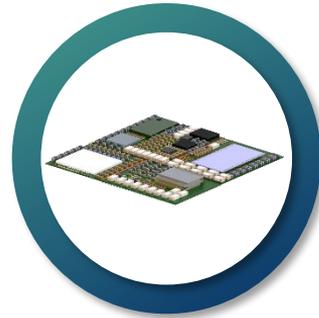
Leadframe/
Power



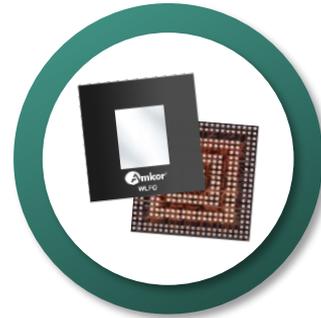
MEMS



Flip Chip



SiP



Wafer Level

Broad Geographic Footprint

11 million square feet of manufacturing space



Growth Catalysts Rely on Advanced Packaging



5G

- ▶ Mobile comms
- ▶ Connected devices
- ▶ Speed, streaming



IoT

- ▶ Connected home
- ▶ Wearables
- ▶ Industrial automation



Automotive

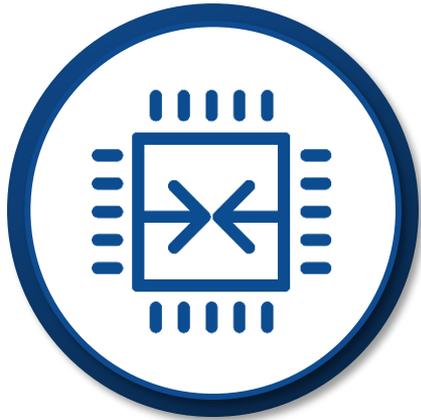
- ▶ ADAS
- ▶ Safety
- ▶ Infotainment
- ▶ Electrification



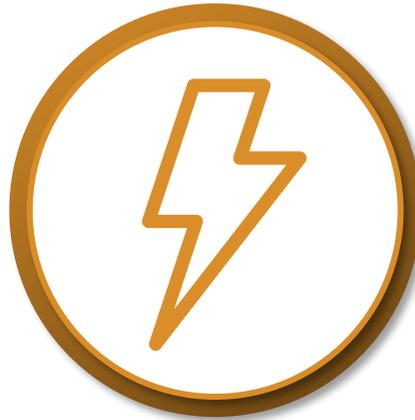
HPC/Networking

- ▶ AI/AR
- ▶ Data center

Advanced Packaging Value Proposition



Minimize
Footprint

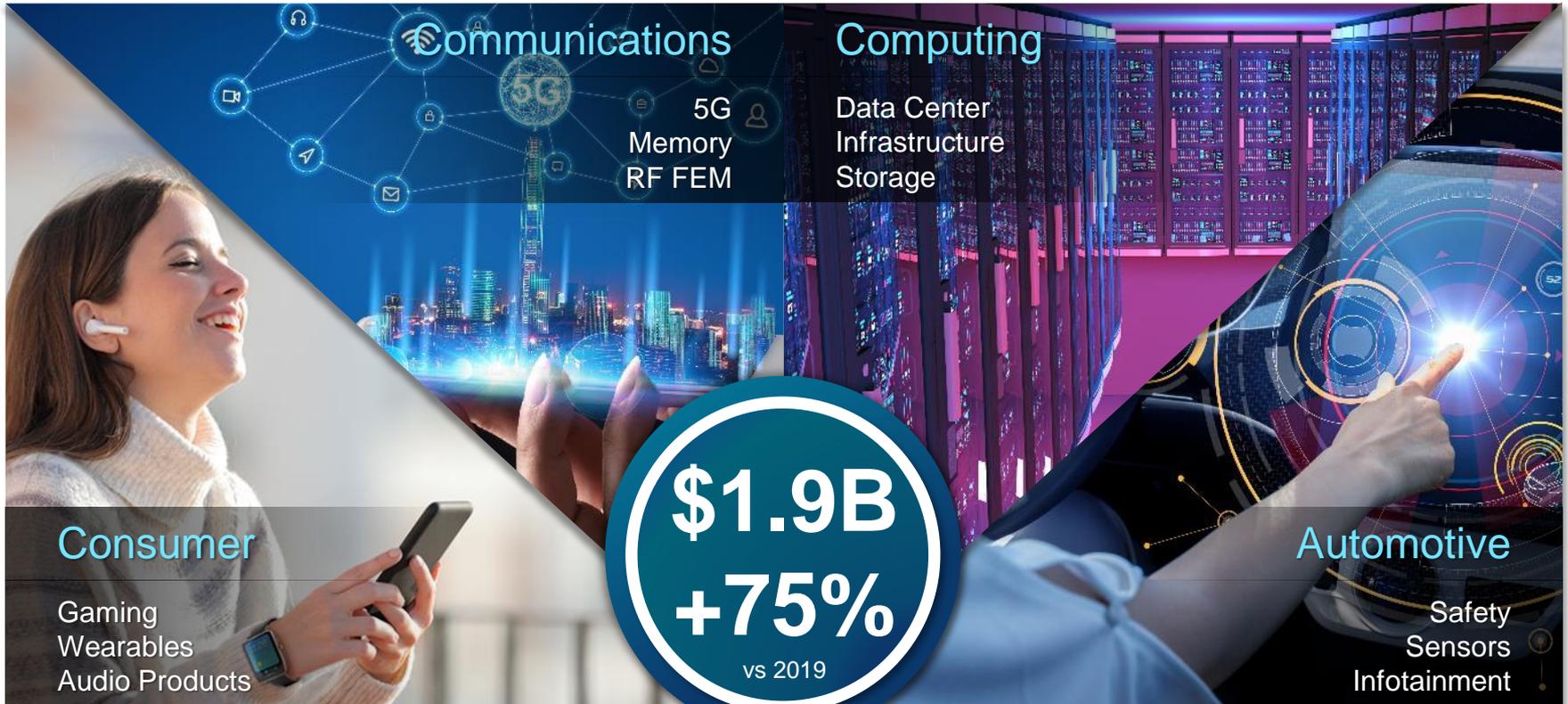


Manage
Power

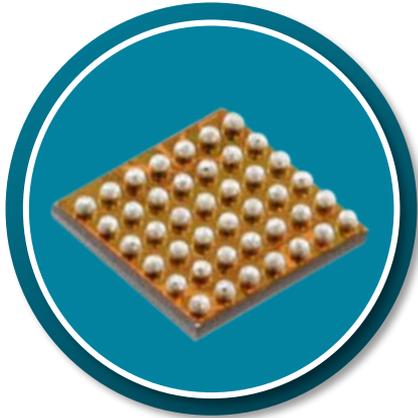


Improve
Performance

Advanced SiP Adopted by Multiple Applications



Wafer Level Packaging

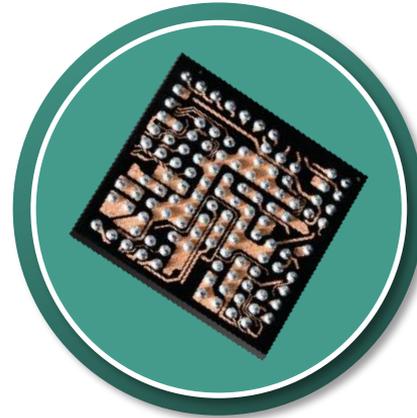


WLCSP

Wafer Level Chip Scale Package

(Fan-In)

Eliminates substrate



WLFO

Wafer Level Fan-Out

“Stretch” small die to
accommodate bond pads

Flip Chip

- ▶ A proven technology
 - ▷ High reliability
 - ▷ Single and multi-die solutions
- ▶ Applications in smartphones, automotive and high performance computing



2020 End Markets



Communications

Smartphones
Tablets



Consumer

A/R & Gaming
Connected Home
Televisions
Wearables



Automotive & Industrial

ADAS
Electrification
Infotainment
IoT



Computing

Data Center
HPC
Infrastructure
Storage

Amkor Throughout the Smartphone

Communications

Value Propositions

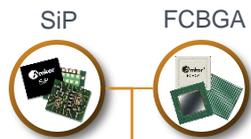
- ▶ Recognized technology leader
- ▶ Diverse packaging solutions
- ▶ Large scale manufacturing in multiple geographies



Amkor Enabling New Applications in the Car

Largest Automotive OSAT

Advanced Packages



Infotainment

Wirebond Packages

SOIC



QFP



EV/HEV

Chassis



QFN

ADAS

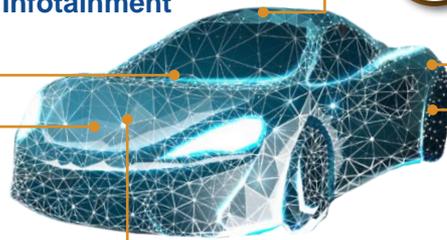


WLFO

Powertrain



Power



Body Electronics

Value Propositions

- ▶ >40 yrs of Automotive experience
- ▶ QualityFIRST mindset
- ▶ Leader in advanced Automotive packaging

Amkor Supports All Big Data Requirements

Computing



Data Center

HPC, AI, ML
Performance
FCBGA, HDFO, SiP



Networking

Switch, SerDes
Integration
SiP, HDFO, 2.5D

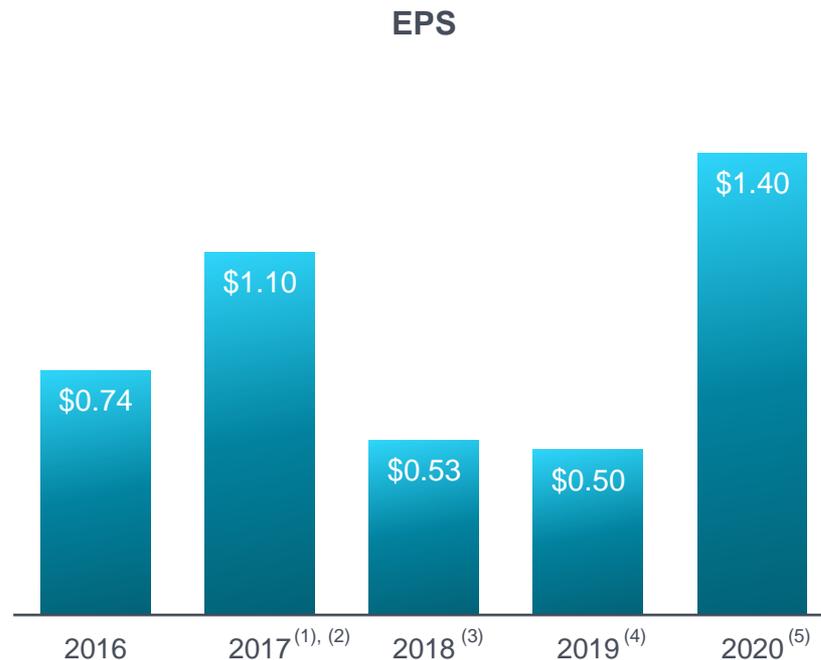
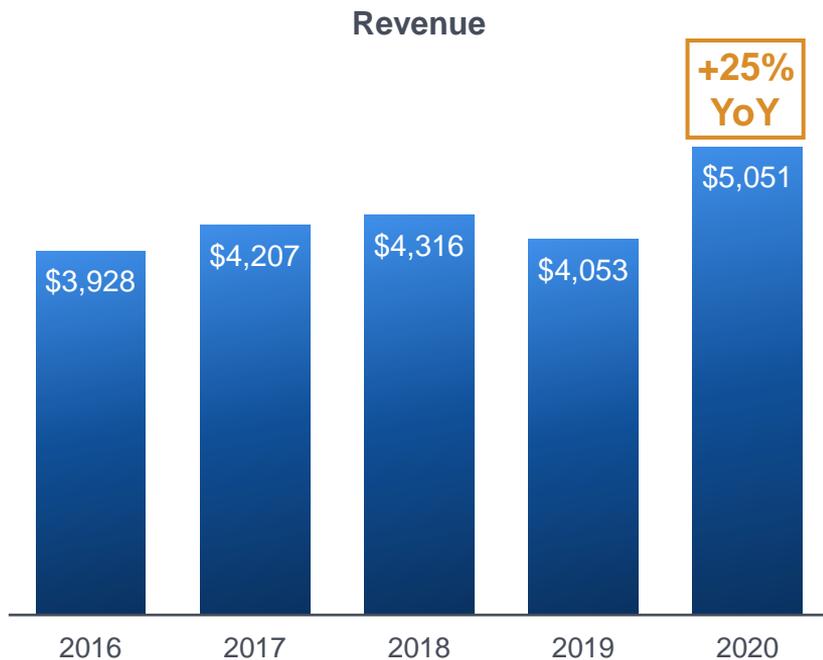


Storage

Solid State Drive
Die Stacking
Stack CSP, WBBGA, SiP

Revenue & EPS Trends

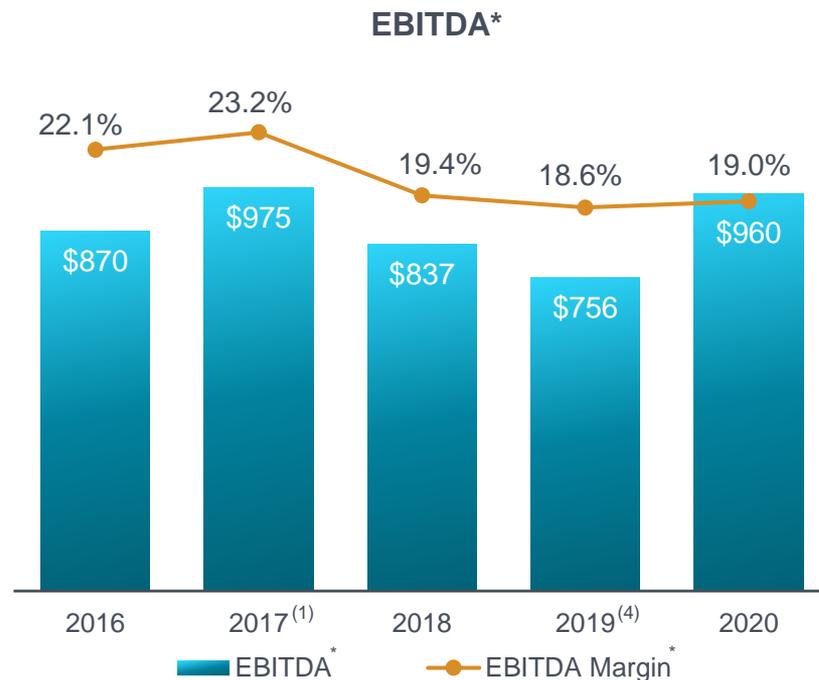
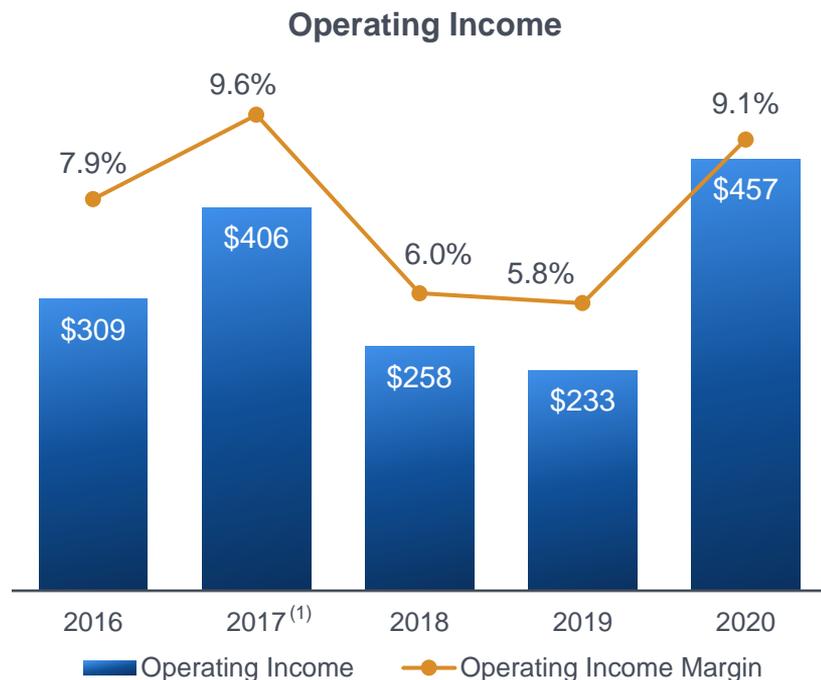
(\$ in millions)



See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

Operating Income & EBITDA Trends

(\$ in millions)



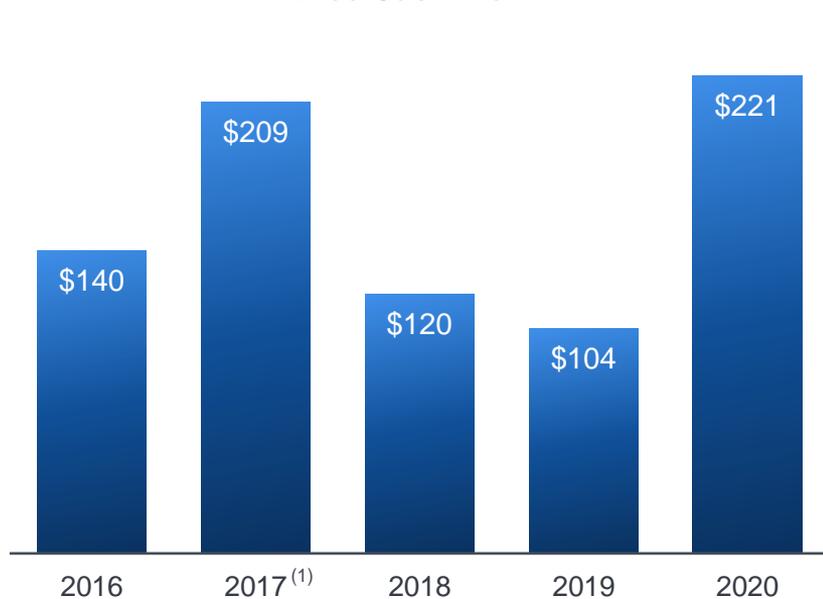
See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

*See discussion of Non-GAAP measures on slide 29 and the reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure on slide 27.

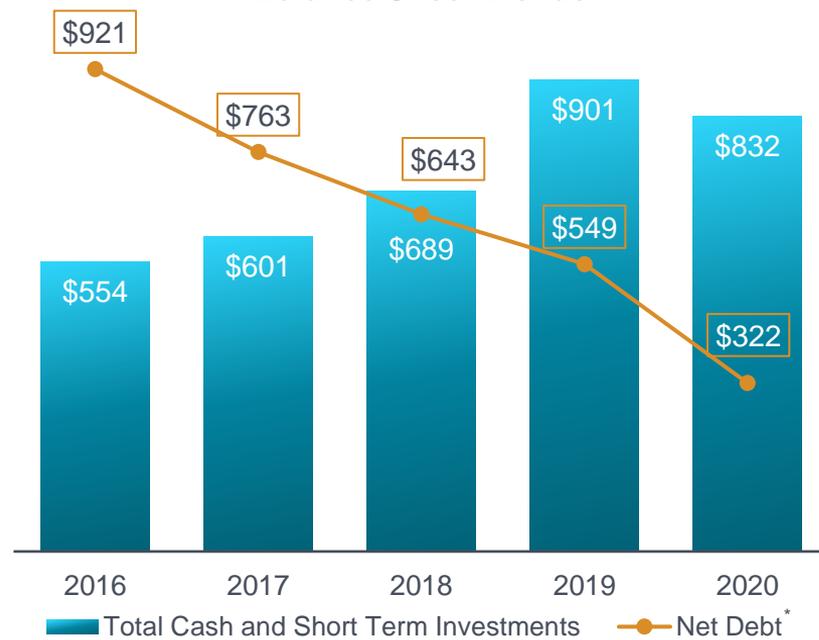
Free Cash Flow & Balance Sheet Trends

(\$ in millions)

Free Cash Flow*



Balance Sheet Trends

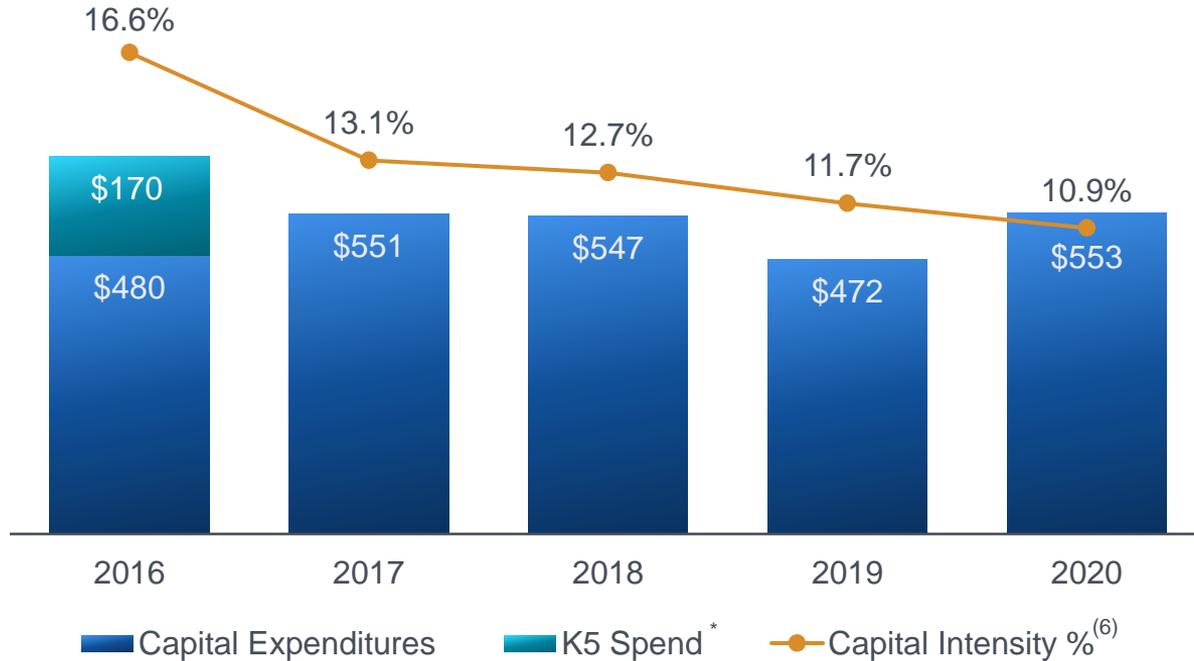


See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

*See discussion of Non-GAAP measures on slide 29 and the reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure on slides 27-28.

Capital Expenditures and Capital Intensity

(\$ in millions)



Expect 2021 Capital Expenditures⁽⁷⁾ of Around
\$775M

See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

*K5 Spend refers to the construction of our K5 facility in Korea, which started operations in 2017.

Amkor Summary

- ▶ Industry leader
 - ▷ Pioneer of OSAT model
 - ▷ #1 Automotive OSAT
- ▶ Multiple long-term growth drivers
 - ▷ 5G, IoT, Automotive, HPC
 - ▷ Advanced packaging
- ▶ Well-positioned to capture growth
 - ▷ \$775M CapEx
 - ▷ Financial flexibility



A world map with a blue and teal color scheme. The map is overlaid with a pattern of semi-transparent geometric shapes, including triangles and squares, in various shades of blue and teal. The word "Appendix" is written in a dark blue, sans-serif font on the left side of the map.

Appendix

Q3 2021 Highlights

<i>(In millions, except per share data)</i>	Q3 2021	Q3 2020	YoY
Net Sales	\$1,681	\$1,354	24%
Gross Margin	19.3%	17.8%	150 bps
Operating Income	\$211	\$127	66%
Operating Income Margin	12.6%	9.4%	320 bps
Net Income attributable to Amkor	\$181	\$92	\$89
Earnings per Diluted Share	\$0.74	\$0.38	\$0.36

- ▶ All-time record revenue and gross profit dollars
- ▶ Operating income margin increased 320 bps YoY
- ▶ Record EPS of \$0.74; YTD EPS of \$1.74, double vs PY

Q4 2021 Guidance

As of October 25, 2021⁽⁷⁾



\$1.59B-\$1.69B

Net Sales



18.0%-20.5%

Gross Margin



\$140M-\$190M

Net Income



\$0.55-\$0.75

Earnings per
Diluted Share

See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

Financial Reconciliation Tables

<i>(\$ in millions)</i>	2016	2017 ^{(1), (2)}	2018 ⁽³⁾	2019 ^{(4), (8)}	2020 ⁽⁵⁾
Net Income	\$179	\$268	\$130	\$123	\$340
Plus: Interest Expense (including Related Party)	85	85	79	72	64
Plus: Income Tax Expense	51	40	56	37	46
Plus: Depreciation & Amortization	555	582	572	524	510
EBITDA*	\$870	\$975	\$837	\$756	\$960
Net Sales	\$3,928	\$4,207	\$4,316	\$4,053	\$5,051
Net Income Margin	4.5%	6.4%	3.0%	3.0%	6.7%
EBITDA Margin*	22.1%	23.2%	19.4%	18.6%	19.0%
Total Debt	\$1,475	\$1,364	\$1,332	\$1,450	\$1,154
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(550)	(596)	(682)	(895)	(698)
Less: Short Term Investment	(4)	(5)	(7)	(6)	(134)
Net Debt*	\$921	\$763	\$643	\$549	\$322

See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

*See discussion of Non-GAAP measures on slide 29.

Financial Reconciliation Tables

<i>(\$ in millions)</i>	2016	2017 ⁽¹⁾	2018	2019	2020
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$729	\$618	\$663	\$564	\$770
Less: Payments for Property, Plant and Equipment	(650)	(551)	(547)	(472)	(553)
Plus: Proceeds from Sale of and Insurance Recovery for Property, Plant and Equipment	61	142	4	12	4
Free Cash Flow*	\$140	\$209	\$120	\$104	\$221

See corresponding endnotes on slide 30.

*See discussion of Non-GAAP measures on slide 29.

Non-GAAP Measures

Generally, a non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of a company's performance, financial position or cash flows that either excludes or includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

In this presentation we refer to EBITDA and EBITDA Margin, which are not defined by U.S. GAAP. We define EBITDA as net income before interest expense, income tax expense and depreciation and amortization. EBITDA Margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA by Net Sales for the period. We believe EBITDA and EBITDA Margin, and to be relevant and useful information to our investors because they provide additional information in assessing our financial operating results. Our management uses EBITDA in evaluating our operating performance, our ability to service debt and our ability to fund capital expenditures. However, EBITDA has certain limitations in that it does not reflect the impact of certain expenses on our consolidated statements of income, including interest expense, which is a necessary element of our costs because we have borrowed money in order to finance our operations, income tax expense, which is a necessary element of our costs because taxes are imposed by law, and depreciation and amortization, which is a necessary element of our costs because we use capital assets to generate income. EBITDA and EBITDA Margin should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, operating income, net income, net income margin or other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Furthermore, our definition of EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Please see Slide 27 for reconciliations to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measures.

Free cash flow is not defined by U.S. GAAP. We define free cash flow as net cash provided by operating activities less payments for property, plant and equipment, plus proceeds from the sale of, and insurance recovery for property, plant and equipment, if applicable. We believe free cash flow to be relevant and useful information to our investors because it provides them with additional information in assessing our liquidity, capital resources and financial operating results. Our management uses free cash flow in evaluating our liquidity, our ability to service debt, and our ability to fund capital expenditures and pay dividends. However, free cash flow has certain limitations, including that it does not represent the residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures since other, non-discretionary expenditures, such as mandatory debt service, are not deducted from the measure. The amount of mandatory versus discretionary expenditures can vary significantly between periods. This measure should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, other measures of liquidity or financial performance prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, such as net cash provided by operating activities. Furthermore, our definition of free cash flow may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Please see Slide 28 for the reconciliation to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

Net debt is not defined by U.S. GAAP. We define net debt as total debt as reported on the consolidated balance sheet less the sum of cash and cash equivalents, and short-term investments. We believe net debt to be relevant and useful information to our investors because it provides them with additional information in assessing our capital structure, financial leverage, and our ability to reduce debt and to fund investing and financing activities. This measure should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, total debt, prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Furthermore, our definition of net debt may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Please see Slide 27 for the reconciliation to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure.

Endnotes

1. In Q2 2017, we sold the land and buildings comprising our K1 factory for \$142 million, which resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$108 million, or \$0.34 per diluted share. During 2017, we received \$128 million of the proceeds.
2. 2017 net income includes an estimated one-time net tax benefit of \$42 million, or \$0.17 per diluted share, primarily due to the reversal of a valuation allowance on certain U.S. deferred tax assets as a result of the enactment of U.S. tax reform.
3. 2018 net income includes a \$17 million discrete income tax charge, or \$0.07 per diluted share, driven by finalizing the accounting for U.S. tax reform.
4. 2019 net income includes an \$8 million charge, or \$0.03 per share, related to the early redemption of \$525 million of senior notes due 2022 and a net \$11 million discrete income tax charge, or \$0.05 per diluted share, related to changes in the valuation of certain deferred tax assets.
5. Q4 2020 net income includes a \$20 million discrete income tax benefit, or \$0.08 per diluted share, primarily related to changes in the valuation of certain deferred tax assets.
6. Capital intensity is defined as capital expenditures as a percentage of net sales.
7. This financial guidance is from our October 25, 2021 earnings release and is reproduced here for convenience of reference only. This reference is not intended, and should not be relied upon, as a reaffirmation or other commentary with respect to such financial guidance. Please see slide 2.
8. In Q1 2020, we repaid \$120 million of our term loan due December 2023 with proceeds from a term loan entered into in December 2019, thus increasing our outstanding debt at Q4 2019 period end.